BLS WORLD SCHOOL NOIDA EXTN.

## HOLIDAY HOMEWORK

## Academic Session 2020-2021

## CLASS VI

## Holiday homework

Summer Vacation is probably the best time of the year for you all; it's time for loads of ice cream, time to get pampered to no end and of course bonding with cousins virtually. School is fun too, with learning happening at all times, summer vacation can also be a time for learning with lots of activities around.

Here are few tasks for you to be completed during the vacation. Do remember to complete the given tasks after reading them carefully. You need to bring your research work to school on the first day of school without fail. Happy Holidays!

Some Tips to make this holiday special:

- Have a family dinner every day of the holidays.
- Play board games with your parents and siblings and show them who is the smartest.
- Spend some quality time with an elderly person in the family.

Some useful tips for summer vacation

Some do's and don'ts during summer vacation:

Do's
$\checkmark$ Wash your hands frequently
$\checkmark$ Maintain cleanliness of the house and help your mom
$\checkmark$ Use face masks when stepping out of the house

$\checkmark$ Eat healthy and drink refreshing homemade juices only
$\checkmark$ Follow a routine to keep you busy and stay indoor

## Don'ts:

DoSn't step out of the house without mask
$\checkmark$ Don't panic in any situation
D Don't waste food or water
Don't socialize in this pandemic condition and remain indoors.
Don't ignore cough which is more than 2 days old.

## ENGLISH



Q1) Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions.

Ice fishing is the practice of catching fish with lines and fish hooks or spears through and opening in the ices on a frozen body of water. Ice anglers may sit on the stool in the open on a frozen lake, or in a heated cabin on the ice, some with bunks and amenities. In North America, ice fishing is often a social activity.

Some resorts have fish houses that are rented out for the day and shuttle service by snow track or other vehicle modified to drive on ice is provided. The tip for a good day of ice fishing is to wear the right cloths. You should dress in layers. Wear two or three shirts, so you can take off a layer when you are warm. Wear a face mask, a warm hat with ear flaps over your ears and warms gloves and boot.

The second tip is to stave warm. Some people put up cloth tents when they go for ice fishing. Some people own small ice house where they can stay warm. You can use a small heater inside the tent or outside on the ice. Be sure to take a hot drink like hot chocolate. You should move around to stay warm. Some people take ice skate.

The third tip is to check the ice. Look at it carefully. The ice must be 4 or more inches thick. This is the ice rule: 'Thick and blue, tried and true'. 'Thin and crispy, way too risky'. Thick ice is safe for ice fishing. Thin ice is dangerous.

The fourth tip is to take the right tools. You need to drill a hole in the ice with an ice drill. Then make the hole bigger with a chopping tool, like an axe. You need to carry your bait in a bait bucket. Use worms or small fish for bait. You need a chair to sit on. Take a folding chair so you can carry it easily. Be sure to take your fish hooks and fishing rod. Pull all your tools on a sled. Take your cell phone. You might need to call for help. The fifth tip is to have a great time.
a) What do you understand by ice fishing?
b) Give any two tips for ice fishing.
c) What kind of clothing is required for an ice fishing trip?
d) What is the use of ice drill while going for ice fishing?
e) What is the ice rule for ice fishing?

Q2) Tick the correct pronoun.

1. When (your, yours) parents were young, they had to cycle to school.
2. Is this pencil (your, yours)?
3. The house we live in is (ours, our).
4. Thank you for letting (our/ours) family stay with you.
5. (Theirs/their) is the biggest house in the town.

Q3) Underline the correct word.

1. This is (my, mine) umbrella; it is not (your, yours).
2. He has forgotten his pen, so I have lent him (my, mine).
3. I know (her, hers) address, but she doesn't know (my, mine).
4. This is (their, theirs) flat and that is (our, ours).
5. (Your, yours) dress looks nicer than (her/hers).

Q4) Circle the transitive verbs and underline the intransitive verbs.

1. The dinosaur towered above the trees.
2. The sun shines brightly.
3. It rained all day.
4. The policeman blew his whistle.
5. Put away your clothes.
6. The dog sleeps on the sofa.

Q5) Fill in the BLANKS with the correct degree of the adjectives.

1. The sun is the $\qquad$ star to the earth. (Close)
2. All the other stars are $\neg$ $\qquad$ from the earth than the sun. (Far)
3. These mangoes are the $\qquad$ available in the market. (Good)
4. My friend gifted me an $\qquad$ CD player. (Expensive)

Q6) Write a diary entry in about 60-80 words on "A Visit to Taj Mahal". Use these Value points to write the paragraph.

1. How did you get the chance for this trip?
2. What preparations did you do for this trip?
3. What all did you at Taj Mahal?
4. What did you enjoy the most there?
5. What all activities did you do there?
6. What is the uniqueness of Taj Mahal?

Q7) Write summary of the lesson "Uncle Ken's Wicket" in about 60-80 words.

## HINDI

1.सदैव एकवचन में प्रयुक्त होने वाले 5 शब्द लिखिए।
2. सदैव बहुवचन में प्रयुक्त होने वाले 5 शब्द लिखिए।

3.सदैव स्त्रीलिंग में प्रयुक्त होने वाले 5 शब्द लिखिए।
4.सदैव पुल्लिंग में प्रयुक्त होने वाले 5 शब्द लिखिए।
5. पर्यायवाची शब्द-सूर्य, पृथ्वी, चन्द्रमा, कमल, माता,पिता,पर्वत, पानी,बादल, समुद्र, गंगा,मार्ग, वस्र,आकाश,हवा,अग्रि,पेड़,नाव,पुत्र,सोना आदि।
6.कोई भी 20 विलोम शब्द लिखिए।
7.संज्ञा, सर्वनाम, विशेषण के चार्ट बनाने हैं।
8.अनुच्छेद लेखन -(1) विद्यार्थी जीवन,(2) परोपकार।
9.पत्र लेखन- कोई भी 2 पत्र लिखने हैं-(1) औपचारिक पत्र,(2) अनौपचारिक पत्र।
10.किन्हीं दस मुहावरों का अर्थ लिखकर वाक्य में प्रयोग कीजिए

## MATHEMATICS

## TASK

Revise chapter 1 and 2.
Solve the exercises of chapter 1 and 2 from NCERT book.
Learn tables from 2 to 20.


## ACTIVITIES

Prepare a report on the awareness of COVID-19 made by the govt. among the citizens and narrate its positive and negative effects.

## SCIENCE

Activities for Fun

- EVS (Research Tasks)
- Theme: Who We Are
- Tasks: Exploring ways for healthy living.

- Make an innovative video/ poster /paste picture and write in scrapbook on any 10 tips for healthy living.

You can also refer and explore from the following links
https://kidshealth.org/en/kids/fit-kid.html
https://personalexcellence.co/blog/healthy-liv
https://www.self.com/story/small-lifestyle-changes-to-get-healthier

- Create a weekly diet plan reflecting a well-balanced diet for yourself
(Use A4 sheet or chart/write in your scrapbook)
- Write the measures you and your family would take to be safe and healthy in corona pandemic. Present it in your scrapbook along with pictures/drawings related to it .


## ASSIGNMENT 1

Choose the correct option

1. The $\qquad$ is an edible part of potato plant
(a) Leaf (b) root (c) stem (d) fruit
2. We can sprout seeds in $\qquad$
(a) Rocks (b) water (c) oil (d) none of these
3. The sprouted seeds contain more
(a) Carbohydrates (b) fats (c) vitamins (d) water
4. The edible part of the apple plant is $\qquad$
(a) Leaf (b) root (c) Stem (d) fruit
5. We eat root of $\qquad$
(a) Mustard (b) rajma (c) chili (d) radish
6. The color of the structures grown out from the sprouted seeds is
(a) Black (b) white (c) red (d) green

Fill in the blanks:

1. We get sugar from $\qquad$
2. We get milk from $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ .
3. Honeybees store honey in their $\qquad$ .
4. $\qquad$ and $\qquad$ are two ingredients of boiled rice.
5. Animals that eat both plant products and flesh of other animals are called $\qquad$
6. Bacteria and fungi are called $\qquad$ .
7. We should not $\qquad$ food in any way.
8. Honeybees are kept in $\qquad$ for rearing.

## Very Short Answer Questions:

1. What are the animals that eat only plants and plant products called?
2. Name four food items we get from animals.
3. Name two edible stems.
4. What are the materials needed to prepare food items called?
5. What is the rearing of honeybees on a large scale called?
6. Name two plants whose flowers are eaten as vegetable

Short Answer Questions:

1. Why do we need food?
2. What are edible parts? Give name of one.
3. Honeybees work hard to collect nectar from flowers.
4. How can food problem be solved? Give two ways.
5. How are scavengers and decomposers useful to us?
6. What is food chain? Give one example.
F. Long Answer questions:
7. How will you sprout seeds?
8. Distinguish between (a) herbivores and carnivores (b) scavengers and decomposers

## ASSIGNMENT 2

Multiple Choice Questions:
Which of the following is not a nutrient?
a. Fat
b. Vitamin
c. Roughage
d. Protein

The rearing of honey bees on a large scale is called $\qquad$
a. Pisciculture
b. Apiculture
c. Agriculture
d. Horticulture

Which of these fabrics will you choose to wear in hot and humid conditions?
a. Wool
b. Nylon
c. Cotton
d. Silk

Circle the Odd one out:
a. Cow Sheep Tiger Deer
b. Scurvy Goiter Rickets Night blindness

Short Questions:
Q1. Name 2 sources of roughage in our food Q2.
Which mineral is important for bones and teeth?
Q3. Name two edible underground stems.
Match the following

## Column A Column B

Iron Deficiency Disease Natural Fibre
Eggs Anemia
Jute Hen
See the relationship and complete the following:

1. Vitamin D: rickets:: Vitamin C: $\qquad$
2. Wheat: Cereal:: Tea plant: $\qquad$

## SOCIAL STUDIES

## TASKS

- Read the chapters - Understanding Diversity and diversity and discrimination.
- Learn question answers of the chapters.


## ACTIVITIES

- Make a list of plants having medicinal values found around your locality. Write a few lines on it on a scrap book.
- Write about DIVERSITY of
- Food
- Festival

- Dance form
- Language

Of any 10 states. (Paste pictures)(IN SCRAP BOOK)

## QUESTIONS (TO BE DONE ON A4 RULED SHEET)

1) Can you list some of the prejudices that you have noticed around you. How do they affect the ways in which people treat each other?
2) What is the difference between discrimination and stereotypes?
3) How do you think a person who is discriminated against might feel?
4) In addition to the lower castes being discriminated against, there are also various other communities that are subject to discrimination. Can you think of a few other examples of discrimination?
5) Discuss the ways in which persons with special needs might be subject to discrimination.
6) How can the stereotype that girls are a burden on their parents affect the life of a daughter? Imagine this situation and list at least five different effects that this stereotype can have on the way daughters get treated in the house.
7) What do the first page of our constitution state?
8) Write about following in flash cards:-


## COMPUTER



| Application based task (as per <br> syllabus) | Activity | Practical (Do on <br> Computer) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Make a list of as many Storage <br> devices as you can. Write their <br> size in terms of the memory <br> /space capacity. Also mention <br> which storage device is better <br> for which purpose. | Prepare a model of Laptop/ <br> Tablet/ Smartphone or any <br> type of computer. Also <br> make a chart on this model <br> to write about the features <br> of the device. | Make a list of Computer <br> Memory Units in MS <br> Excel. (Byte, KB, MB etc.) |

## FRENCH

Q1. Donnez le pluriel de : Give the purals of
a) Livre
b) Voiture
c) Maison
d) étudiant
e) Horloge
f) Oiseau
g) Homme
h)Professeur

Q2.Mettez l'article indéfini (un, une ,des)

1. $\qquad$ maison
2. $\qquad$ stylos
3. $\qquad$ étudiante
4. $\qquad$ sac (bag) m
5. $\qquad$ filles
6. $\qquad$ chaises
7. $\qquad$ film
8. $\qquad$ ordinateurs(computers) m

Q3.Mettez les pronoms sujets :
a) $\qquad$ regarde la télé.
b) $\qquad$ est belle.
c) $\qquad$ sommes à Paris
d) $\qquad$ écoutent la radio
e) $\qquad$ cherche son stylo. (searching his pen)
f) $\qquad$ est beau. (is beautiful)
h) $\qquad$ aime la couleur rouge. (like the color red)
i) $\qquad$ achetons des vêtements. (Buy some clothes)

Q4. Complétez avec les articles définis :

1. $\qquad$ maison
2. $\qquad$ stylos
3. $\qquad$ étudiante
4. $\qquad$ sac
5. $\qquad$ filles
6. $\qquad$ classes
7. $\qquad$ ville

Q5.Stick pictures of the following words and write it in plural: 1.
(e.g)


## 1.Un gateau


des gateaux
2. Un caillou (a pebble/ a stone)
3. Hibou (an owl)
4. Un joujou (a toy)
5. Un journal (a newspaper)
6. Un cheval (a horse)
7. Un oiseau (a bird)
8. Un animal
9. L'œil (the eye)
10. La croix (the cross)

Q6. Read the comprehension and do the true and false .Take the help of the dictionary.


> Je m'appelle Anne Dupond. J'ai 12 ans. Je suis française et j'habite à Marseille. A l'école, J'aime surtout le français, la géographie et l'éducation physique. J'aime aussi l'anglais. Je l'étudie depuis six ans. Mon père s'appelle Paul. Il a 39 ans et il est professeur. Ma mère, Sophie, a 35 ans et elle est médecin. J'ai aussi un sour ainée, Caroline, qui a 14 ans. Je fais de la natation le lundi et le mercredi, 2 heures par semaine. J'adore lire et regarder la télévision. J'aime beaucoup les chiens et les chats mais j'ai horreur des araignées. A l'école, je n'aime pas beaucoup les maths et la physique-chimie. J'aime un peu les légumes mais je n'aime pas du tout le poisson. Je déteste l'hiver et le mauvais temps.

1. Réponds par Vrai ou Faux. 4 points
a) La jeune fille s'appelle Annie. $\qquad$
b) Elle habite en France, à Marseille.
c) Le français est une de ses matières préférées.
d) L'équitation est le sport qu'elle pratique. $\qquad$

Q7. Conjugate the Verbe in the brackets .
1.Tu $\qquad$ (habiter) en Angleterre.
2.Tu $\qquad$ (Chanter) bien.
3.ils $\qquad$ (parler)Portugais.
4.Vous $\qquad$ (regarder) trop la télévision.
5. Je $\qquad$ (danser) mal.
6. Elle $\qquad$ (demander) des information.
7. Elles $\qquad$ (raconter) des histoires à leurs enfants.
8. Les élèves $\qquad$ (copier) les devoirs.
9. Sophie $\qquad$ (utiliser) le dictionnaire de francais.
10. Je $\qquad$ (travailler) à école.

## Translation of Exercise 7.

1. En angleterre (in England)
2. Bien -well ,good
3. Portuguese
4. Trop la télévision (much of the tv)
5. Danser mal(dance bad)
6. Demander des information.(ask some informations)
7. Raconter des histoires à leurs enfants(tell the stories to their children)
8. Copier les devoirs(copy the homework)
9. Utiliser le dictionnaire de francais(utilize the dictionary of French)
10. Travailler à école.(work in school)

Learn the plurals and write in your French notebooks
Pluriel des noms (Plural of nouns)Plural of nouns has been discussed in Part-1 of Apprenons le français,1. Most nouns are made plural by adding s to a singular noun.Ex. le/un garçon …- les/des garçons
le/un bonbon les/des bonbonsla/une fille ...- les/des filles
la/une glace $\ldots .-$ les/des glaces
1'/un homme ....- les/des hommes

## Apprenons le français-2

2. Nouns ending with $-5,-x,-z$ in the singular, do not change in the plural. Ex. le/un fils $\quad \ldots-$ les/des fils
la/une croix $\quad . . \rightarrow$ les/des croix le/un nez $\quad . . \rightarrow$ les/des nez
3. Nouns ending with -eau and -eu normally take an -x in the plural. Ex. le/un gâteau $\ldots \rightarrow$ les/des gâteaux le/unfeu $\quad . .-$ les/des feux * I'eau
...- les eaux

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Exception: le/un pneu } \quad \ldots \rightarrow \text { les/des pneus } \\
\text { le/un livre bleu } \cdots \rightarrow \text { les/des livres bleus }
\end{gathered}
$$

4. Certain nouns ending with -ou take $-x$ in the plural.

Ex. le/un bijou $\ldots . \rightarrow$ les/des bijoux le/un caillou ..... les/des cailloux le/un genou le/un chou le/un hibou le/un joujou $\checkmark$ le/un pou ...-n les/des poux les/des genoux les/des choux les/des hiboux les/des joujoux


A few nouns ending with -ou take -s in the plural. Ex. le/un cou $\quad \ldots \rightarrow$ les/des cous le/un clou $\quad \ldots \rightarrow$ les/des clous
5. Most of the nouns ending with -al take -aux in the plural. Ex. le/un journal ....- les/des journqux.
le/un signal $\quad . .-\infty$ les/des signaux le/un cheval .... les/des chevaux

Exception: le/un bal $\ldots$ les/des bals
le/un carnaval $\quad . . \rightarrow$ les/des carnavals
le/un chacal $\quad . . \rightarrow$ les/des chacals
le/un cérémonial ....- les/des cérémonials
le/un récital $\quad . . .-$ les/des récitals

Vocabulary

| Apprenons | Let us learn | Apprenons | Let us learn |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noms | Nouns | Noms | Nouns |
| le bijou | dance | thomme (m) | man |
| les bonbons (m) | jewel | le joviou | toy |
| la cafétéria | sweets | le journal | newspaper |
| le cahier | notebook | la jupe | skirt |
| le caillou | pebble | le jus de fruits | fruit juice |
| le carnaval | carnival | le livre | book |
| le cheval | horse | le nez | nose |
| le chocolat | chocolate | le pain au chocolat | chocolate bread |
| le chou | cabbage | le pain | bread |
| le cinéma | cinema | le pneu | tyre |
| le clou | nail | le pou | lice |
| le cou | neck | la règle | ruler |
| le crayon | pencil | la robe | dress |
| la croix | cross | le récital | recital |
| le cérémonial | ceremonial | le serveur | waiter |
| le devoir | duty, homework | le signal | signal |
| leau (f) | water | le stylo | pen |
| 'rexamen (m) | exam | le taille-crayon | pencil sharpene |
| l'exercice (m) | exercise | la tartine | toast |
| le feu | fire | la trousse | pencil case |
| le fils | son | l'école | school |
| les frites | French fries | Verbe | Verb |
| le gâteau | cake | finir | to finish |
| le genou | knee | Adverbe | Adverb |
| la glace | ice cream | ensuite | next, afterward |
| la gomme | eraser | puis | then |
| le hibou (m) | owl | dējò | already |

Apart from Subject related homework students are advised to do the following:

- Learn "Tables" from 2 to 20 and revise daily.
- Make a poster with few slogans and one-liners on the topic "Experience during lockdown - Covid 19".
- Draw a poster on A4 size sheet on any of the topic -
(a) Planet Earth during Covid 19.
(b) I miss going to school.
- Make a "Thank you card" with a message for the brave fighters of Covid 19 who helped us to stay safe i.e., the doctors \& policeman.
- Best out of waste make any one useful thing from any waste material in the house.

Note- All the students will be awarded marks on the above activities on re- opening of school. Best entry on poster from each class will be awarded prize. Regards,

Stay home, stay safe."

